4-BIT COUNTER/LATCH, SEVEN-SEGMENT LED/LAMP DRIVERS

NOVEMBER 1971-REVISED DECEMBER 1983

• Choice of Driver Outputs:

SN54143 and SN74143 have 15 mA Constant-Current Outputs for Driving Common-Anode LED's such as TIL302 or TIL303 without Series Resistors

SN54144 and SN74144 Drive High-Current Lamps, Numitrons[†], or LED's from Saturated Open-Collector Outputs

Universal Logic Capabilities

Ripple Blanking of Extraneous Zeros Latch Outputs Can Drive Logic Processors Simultaneously

Decimal Point Driver Is Included

Synchronous BCD Counter Capability Includes:

Cascadable to N-Bits

Look-Ahead-Enable Techniques Minimize Speed Degradation When Cascaded for Large-Word Display

Direct Clear Input

SN54143, SN54144 . . . J OR W PACKAGE SN74143, SN74144 . . . J OR N PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

TYPES SN54143, SN54144, SN74143, SN74144

SCEI	1 2	23	V _{CC} PECI
CLR]₃	22	MAX
RBI	□₄	21	STRE
BI	□5	20	QD
BI/RBO	□6	19	QC
DP	Π٦	18	QB
dp	∏ 8	17	QA
d	[]9	16	b
f	□10	15	а
е	□11	14	С
GND	1 2	13	g

description

These TTL MSI circuits contain the equivalent of 86 gates on a single chip. Logic inputs and outputs are completely TTL compatible. The buffered inputs are implemented with relatively large resistors in series with the bases of the input transistors to lower drive-current requirements to one-half of that required for a standard Series 54/74 TTL input. The serial-count-enable, actually two internal emitters, is rated as one standard Series 54/74 load. The logic outputs, except RBO, have active pull-ups.

The SN54143 and SN74143 driver outputs are designed specifically to maintain a relatively constant on-level sink current of approximately 15 milliamperes from output "a" through "g" and seven milliamperes from output "dp" over a voltage range from one to five volts. Any number of LED's in series may be driven as long as the output voltage rating is not exceeded.

The SN54144 and SN74144 have high-sink-current saturated outputs for driving indicators having voltage ratings up to 15 volts or requiring up to 25 milliamperes drive. The SN54144 sinks 20 milliamperes and the SN74144 sinks 25 milliamperes at an on-level voltage of 0.6 volts across their respective operating temperature ranges.

All inputs are diode-clamped to minimize transmission-line effects, thereby simplifying system design. Maximum clock frequency is typically 18 megahertz and power dissipation is typically 280 milliwatts. The SN54143 and SN54144 are characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of $-55\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $125\,^{\circ}\text{C}$; the SN74143 and SN74144 are characterized for operation from $0\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $70\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

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PRODUCTION DATA

This document contains information currest as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

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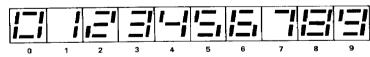
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Functions of the	immutes and	Autoute of	thece	devices a	re as follows:

FUNCTION	PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
CLEAR INPUT	3	When low, resets and holds counter at 0. Must be high for normal counting.
CLOCK INPUT	2	Each positive-going transition will increment the counter provided that the circuit is in the normal counting mode (serial and parallel count enable inputs low, clear input high).
PARALLEL COUNT ENABLE INPUT (PCEI)	23	Must be low for normal counting mode. When high, counter will be inhibited. Logic level must not be changed when the clock is low.
SERIAL COUNT ENABLE INPUT (SCEI)	1	Must be low for normal counting mode, also must be low to enable maximum count output to go low. When high, counter will be inhibited and maximum count output will be driven high. Logic level must not be changed when the clock is low.
MAXIMUM COUNT OUTPUT	22	Will go low when the counter is at 9 and serial count enable input is low Will return high when the counter changes to 0 and will remain high during counts 1 through 8. Will remain high (inhibited) as long as serial counterable input is high.
LATCH STROBE INPUT	21	When low, data in latches follow the data in the counter. When high, the data in the latches are held constant, and the counter may be operated independently.
LATCH OUTPUTS (Ω_A , Ω_B , Ω_C , Ω_D)	17, 18, 19, 20	The BCD data that drives the decoder can be stored in the 4-bit latch and is available at these outputs for driving other logic and/or processors. The binary weights of the outputs are: $Q_A = 1$, $Q_B = 2$, $Q_C = 4$, $Q_D = 8$.
DECIMAL POINT	7	Must be high to display decimal point. The decimal point is not displayed when this input is low or when the display is blanked.
BLANKING INPUT	5	When high, will blank (turn off) the entire display and force RBO low Must be low for normal display. May be pulsed to implement intensity control of the display.
RIPPLE-BLANKING INPUT (RBI)	4	When the data in the latches is BCD 0, a low input will blank the entire display and force the $\overline{\mbox{RBO}}$ low. This input has no effect if the data in the latches is other than 0.
RIPPLE-BLANKING OUTPUT (RBO)	6	Supplies ripple blanking information for the ripple blanking input of th next decade. Provides a low if BI is high, or if RBI is low and the data if the latches in BCD 0; otherwise, this output is high. This pin has a resistive pull-up circuit suitable for performing a wire-AND function with an open-collector output. Whenever this pin is low the entire display will be blanked; therefore, this pin may be used as an active-low blanking input
LED/LAMP DRIVER OUTPUTS (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, dp)	15, 16, 14, 9 11, 10, 13, 8	Outputs for driving seven-segment LED's or lamps and their decimal points. See segment identification and resultant displays on followin page.

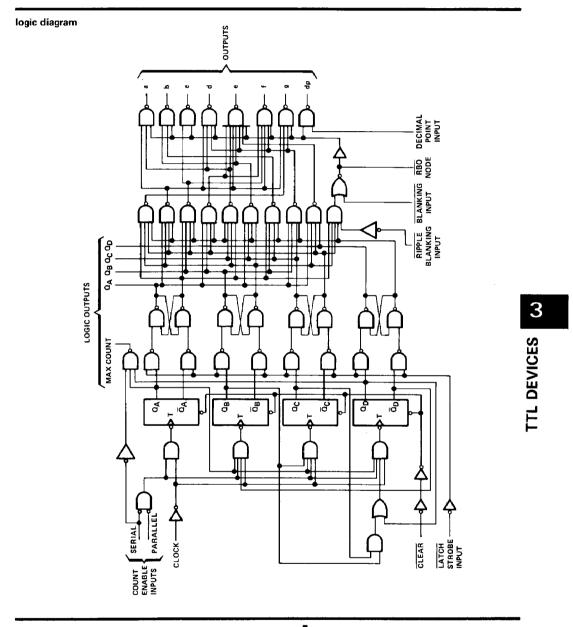


SEGMENT IDENTIFICATION



NUMERICAL DESIGNATIONS-RESULTANT DISPLAYS

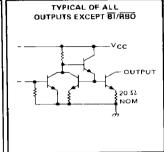




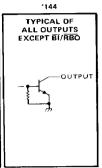
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schematics of inputs and outputs

'143, '144 EQUIVALENT OF EQUIVALENT OF EACH INPUT EXCEPT BI/RBO vcc. DUTPUT/INPUT ₹ Req 10 kΩ NOM SCEI: $R_{eq} = 4 k\Omega$ NOM Other inputs: $R_{eq} = 8 k\Omega$ NOM



143



7 V

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, VCC (see Note 1)				٠				. *					•				•	•			. , ,	v
Input voltage																					5.5 \	J
Off-state voltage at outputs "a" thru	"a" and	d "dp"	. 144																		. 15 \	V
Off-state current at outputs "a" thru	"a" and	d "dn"	1143																		250 µA	4
Continuous total power dissipation at	y u		,						lead	, NL		21									1 4 V	N
Continuous total power dissipation at	tor be	IOW) /	UCI	ee-a	и ге	mp	erat	uie	1200	: 140	ne	-1	•	•	•		•	•		· .	40-0	
Operating free-air temperature range:	SN54	' Circu	its .											٠		-		_	55	C t	o 125 C	j
	SN74	' Circu	its .															-	. (D C	to 70°C	S
Storage temperature range																-		_	65°	°C t	ە 150°0	С
atorage temperature runge																						

NOTES: 1. Voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

2. For the SN54143 and SN54144 in the N and W packages, this rating applies at (or below) 80°C free-air temperature. For operation above this temperature, derate linearly at the rate of 11.7 mW/°C for the W package and 14.7 mW/°C for the N package. No derating is required for these devices in the J package.

recommended operating conditions

		SN54	143, SN	54144	SN74	UNIT		
		MIN	MOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, VCC		4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V
On-state voltage at outputs a thru g a	nd dp (*143 only)	1		5	1		5	V
High-level output current, IOH	OA, OB, OC, OD			-240			-240	
	Maximum count			-560			-560	μΑ
	RBO	-		-120	-		-120	
	Q _A , Q _B , Q _C , Q _D , RBO			4.8			4.8	mA
Low-level output current, IQL	Maximum count			11.2			11,2	1""
	High logic level	25			25			ns
Clock pulse width, twiclock)	Low logic level	55			55			1 ""
Clear pulse width, tw(clear)		25			25			ns
	Serial and parallel carry	301			30†			ns
Setup time, t _{su}	Clear inactive state	601			601			
Operating free-air temperature, TA	-55		125	0		70	°C	

1The arrow indicates that the rising edge of the clock pulse is used for reference.

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3-548

TTL DEVICES

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAM	ETER	TEST CO	NOITIONS	SN54	143, SN	74143	SN54	Ī <u> </u>		
			1231 00	MDITTONS.	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP!	MAX	UNIT
V _{IH}	High-level input vo	Itage			2			2			v
VIL	Low-level input vol	Itage					0.8			0.8	V
VIK	Input clamp voltag	е	VCC = MIN,	I ₁ = - 12 mA			- 1.5			-1.5	v
VOH	High-level output voltage	Q _A , Q _B , Q _C , Q _D Maximum count	V _{CC} = MIN, V _{IL} ÷ 0.8 V,		2.4			2.4			v
VOL	Low-level output voltage	OA, OB, OC OD, RBO Maximum count	V _{CC} = MIN, V _{IL} = 0.8 V,				0.4			0.4	v
VO(off)	Off-state output voltage	Outputs a thruig, dip	V _{CC} = MAX.	I _{OH} = 250 μA	7			15			V
VO(on)	On State output voltage	Outputs a thru g, do	V _{CC} = MIN,	See Note 3						0.6	v
On-state IO{on} output current	Outputs a thruig	$V_{CC} = MIN$, $V_{CC} = 5 V$, $V_{CC} = MAX$,	V _O = 2 V	9	15 15	22					
	Output dp	V _{CC} = MIN, V _{CC} = 5 V, V _{CC} = MAX,	Vo = 2 V	4.5	7	12				mA	
կ	Input current at ma	iximum input voltage	VCC - MAX.		 	<u> </u>	1	_			mA
		Serial carry			 		40			40	μА
Iн	High-level	RBO node	VCC - MAX,	Vi = 2.4 V	-0.12	-0.5		-0.12	-0.5		mA
	input current	Other inputs		•	-		20	9.12		20	"A
		Serial carry			1		-1.6			-1.6	
կլ	Low level	RBC node	V _{CC} = MAX,	V; = 0.4 V,	\vdash	-1.5	-2.4		- 1.5	-2.4	mΑ
input current	Other inputs	See Note 4				-0.8			-0.8		
	Short-circuit	Q_A, Q_B, Q_C, Q_D			9		-27.5	-9		-27.5	
los	output current	Maximum count	V _{CC} = MAX	-15		55	- 15		55	mΑ	
lcc	Supply current		V _{CC} = MAX,	See Note 5		56	93	- 12	56	93	mA

[|] For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions for the applicable type.
| All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.
| NOTES: 3. For SNS4144, I_{OL} = 20 mA, for SN74144, I_{OL} = 25 mA.
| 4. I_{IL} at RBO node is tested with BI grounded and RBI at 4.5 V.
| 5. I_{CC} is measured after the following conditions are established:
| a) Strobe = RBI = DP = 4.5 V |
| b) Parallel count enable = serial count enable = BI = GND |
| c) Clear ("L") then clock until all outputs are on (\(\subseteq \subs

switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER :	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	МАХ	UNIT	
fmax				12	18		MHz	
^t PLH	Serial look-ahead	Maximum count			12	20		
^t PH L	Serial look affeau	Waximum count	C _L = 15 pF, R _L = 560 Ω,		23	35	ns	
^T PLH	Clock	ock Maximum count See Note 6		26	40	 		
tPHL .	CIDEK	Waximan count			29	45	ns	
[†] PLH	Clock	Q_A, Q_B, Q_C, Q_D			28	45	 	
^t PHL		QA, GB, GC, GD	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega$			38	60	ns
¹PH L	tPHL Clear QA.		See Note 6		57	90	пs	

^{\$} f_{max} Maximum clock frequency, tp_H Propagation delay time, low to-high level output, Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output.

NOTE 6: See General Information Section for load circuits and voltage waveforms.



3-550

TYPICAL APPLICATION DATA

This application demonstrates how the drivers may be cascaded for N-bit display applications. It features:

Synchronous, look-ahead counting

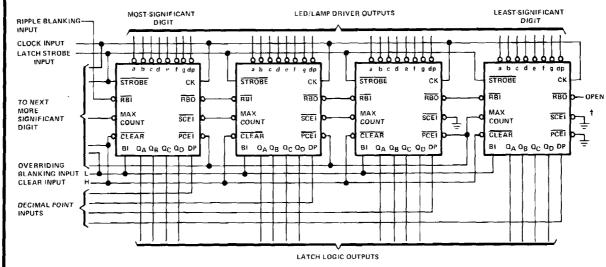
Ripple blanking of leading zeros; blanking of trailing zeros (not illustrated) can also be implemented

TYPES SN54143, SN54144, SN74143, SN74144 4-BIT COUNTER/LATCH, SEVEN-SEGMENT LED/LAMP DRIVERS

Overriding blanking for total suppression or intensity modulation of display

Direct parallel clea

Latch strobe permits counter to acquire next display while viewing current display



[†]The serial count-enable input of the least-significant digit is normally grounded; however, it may be used as a count-enable control for the entire counter (high to disable, low to count) provided the logic level on this pin is not changed while the clock line is low or false counting may result.

FUNCTION TABLE

					IN	PUTS				OUTPUTS														
FUNCTION	CLOCK	CLEAR	LATCH STROBE	RBI	ēī	DECIMAL INPUT	SERIAL CARRY	PARALLEL CARRY	RBI/RBO	MAXIMUM COUNT OUTPUT	OD		с СВ	QA	a					IVER:	-		TYPICAL DISPLAY	NOTES
Clear/Ripple Blank		ι	L	L	x	×	×	×	L	н	L	L	L	L	OFF O	FF	OF F	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	None	A, E
Blank		н	L	Х	н	×	Х	x	L	н	L	L	L	L	OFF O	FF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	None	A, D, E
Decimal	0	н	L	н	L	н.	L.	L	н	н	L	L	Ļ	L	ON C	NC	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	ON	J.	В
	1	н	Ļ	Н	Ł	L	L	L	н	н	L	L	L	Н	OFF (NÇ	ON	QF F	QFF	QFF	QFF	QF F	- /-	В
	2	н	L	Н	L	L	L	L	Н	н	L	L	Н	L	ON 0	NC	OF F	٥N	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	2	В
	3	Н	L	Н	ι	L	L	t.	н	н	L	L	Н	Н	ON C	DΝ	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	٥n	OFF	3	В
	4	н	L	Н	Ł	L	L	L	н	н	L	Н	L	L	OFF (ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ОИ	ON	OFF	4	в
	5	н	L	н	L	L	L	L	н	н	L	н	L	н	ON O	FF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	5	В
	6	н	L	н	L	L	L	Ł	н	н	L	н	Н	L	ON 0	FF	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	5	В
	7	н	L	н	Ł	L	L	L	н	н	L	н	н	н	ON C	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	7	8
	8	н	L	н	L	L	L	L	Н	н	н	L	L	L	ON 0	NC	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	8	В
	9	н	L.	Н	L	L	Ł	ι	н	L	н	L	L	Н	ON 0	NC	ON	ON	OFF	ON.	ΟN	OFF	9	В
	0	н	L	н	L	L	L	L	н	Н	L	L	L	L	ON C	NC	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	8	B, C
	1	н	L	н	L	L	L	L	н	н	L	L	L	н	OFF (NC	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	;	В
	2	н	L	н	L	L	L	L	н	н	L	L	Н	L	ON (NC	OF F	ON	ΟN	OFF	ON	OFF	Ē	В
	3	н	L	н	Ł	L	L	L	н	н	L	L	ч	Н	ON C	DΝ	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	3	В
	4	н	L	Н	Ł	L	L	L	н	н	Ļ	Н	L	L	QFF (ΝC	ON	QF F	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	'-;'	8
	5	н	Н	н	L	L	L	L	Н	Н	Ł	Н	L	н	ON O	FF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	11	В
Latch	6	н	н	Н	L	L	L	L	Н	н	L	н	L	н	ON O	FF	ΟN	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	5	8
Latch	7	н	н	н	L	L	L	L	н	Н	L	Н	L	Н	ON O	FF	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	7	В
	8	н	L	н	L	L	L	L	н	н	Н	L	L	L	ON C	DΝ	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	OFF	8	В
	9	Н	1	Н	L.	L	L	L	н	Ĺ	н	L	L	н	ON C	NC	ON	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	3	8
Ripple Blank	0	н	L	L	х	L	L	L	L	н	L	L	L	L	OFF O	FF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	None	A, B. E

NOTES: A. 福朗/南西 is wire-AND logic serving as ripple blanking input (福町) and/or ripple blanking output (南西).

B. The blanking input (BI) must be low when functions DECIMAL/0 through 20/RIPPLE BLANK are desired.

C. The ripple-blanking input (RBI) must be open or high to display a zero during the decimal 0 input.

D. When a high logic level is applied directly to the blanking input (81) all segment outputs are off regardless of any other input

E. When the ripple-blanking input ($\overline{
m RBI}$) and outputs $m Q_A$ through $m Q_D$ are at a low logic level, all segment outputs are off and the ripple-blanking output (RBO) goes to a low logic level (response condition).



TYPES SN54143, SN54144, SN74143, SN74144 4-BIT COUNTERILATCH, SEVEN-SEGMENT LEDILAMP DRIVERS

SEGMENT IDENTIFICATION

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